To improve the integrity and safety of horseracing by requiring a uniform anti-doping and medication control program to be developed and enforced by an independent Horseracing Anti-Doping and Medication Control Authority.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. GILLIBRAND (for herself and Ms. McSally) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

# A BILL

- To improve the integrity and safety of horseracing by requiring a uniform anti-doping and medication control program to be developed and enforced by an independent Horseracing Anti-Doping and Medication Control Authority.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Horseracing Integrity
  - 5 Act of 2019".
  - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
  - 7 Congress finds the following:

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(1) Recognizing the substantial relation that horseracing has to interstate commerce, Congress enacted the Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978 (15 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) to regulate pari-mutuel wagering on horseracing in order to protect and further the horseracing industry of the United States. This Act does not modify or supplement the Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978 or impair or restrict the operation and enforcement of State law or regulation of horseracing with respect to matters unrelated to anti-doping and medication control or for violations of State or Federal criminal law.

- (2) Approximately 40 percent of the 635,890 starts by Thoroughbred, Quarter Horse, and Standardbred racehorses in 2018 were made by horses that competed in more than one State. Those Thoroughbred, Quarter Horse, and Standardbred racehorses which participated in races in more than one State in 2018 made over 55 percent of all United States racing starts that year.
- (3) Uniform adoption of national anti-doping and medication control standards for horseracing in the United States will promote interstate commerce, encourage fair competition and a level playing field, assure full and fair disclosure of information to pur-

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chasers of breeding stock and to the wagering public, will improve the marketplace for domestic and international sales of United States horses, will provide a platform for consistency with all major international horseracing standards, address growing domestic concerns over disparities with international rules, and provide for the safety and welfare of horses and jockeys.

(4) The use of the rapeutic medications in horseracing in the United States must place the health and welfare of the horse at the highest level of priority while achieving consistency with the uses permitted in major international horseracing jurisdictions. Because the various States have been unable to adopt a national uniform anti-doping and medication control program, national uniform regulations with respect to the use of, and testing for, drugs capable of affecting the results of a horse race and therapeutic medications used in horseracing, such rules, procedures, and enforcement policies should be implemented, consistent with internationally accepted best practices, by an independent anti-doping and medication control organization authorized by an act of Congress.

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onstrated its commitment to fair competition through legislation, oversight, funding, and by its execution of an international treaty, the UNESCO International Convention Against Doping in Sport. By ratifying the UNESCO Convention, the United States agreed to adopt appropriate measures consistent with the principles of the World Anti-Doping Code and to take appropriate action, including legislation, regulation, policies, or administrative practices to implement that commitment.

- (6) In the context of Olympic sports, Congress has recognized the United States Anti-Doping Agency as an independent anti-doping and medication control organization possessing high-level expertise and credibility in the development and administration of an anti-doping and medication control program.
- (7) Congress supports the establishment of an independent anti-doping and medication control organization to ensure the wagering public's confidence in the fairness of horseracing and to strengthen and harmonize anti-doping and medication control rules and sanctions for horseracing in order to ensure fair and transparent horseraces and

1	to deter the commission of anti-doping and medica-
2	tion control rule violations.
3	(8) The movement of horses among the States
4	for the purpose of participating in covered
5	horseraces, the widespread acceptance, receipt, and
6	transmission of wagers on covered horseraces in
7	interstate commerce, and the need to ensure integ-
8	rity of competition in, and wagering on, covered
9	horseraces warrant congressional action as set forth
10	in this Act.
11	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
12	In this Act:
13	(1) Authority.—The term "Authority" means
14	the independent Horseracing Anti-Doping and Medi-
15	cation Control Authority established by section 5.
16	(2) Commission.—The term "Commission"
17	means the Federal Trade Commission.
18	(3) COVERED HORSERACE.—The term "covered
19	horserace" means any horserace that has a substan-
20	tial relation to interstate commerce, including any
21	horserace that is the subject of interstate off-track
22	wagers.
23	(4) COVERED HORSE.—The term "covered
24	horse'' means any Thoroughbred, Quarter, or
25	Standardbred horse, beginning on the date of the

horse's first timed and reported workout at a race track that participates in covered horseraces or a licensed training facility until the Authority receives written notice that the horse has been retired.

- (5) COVERED PERSONS.—The term "covered persons" means all trainers, owners, veterinarians, persons (legal and natural) licensed by a State racing commission and the agents, assigns and employees of such persons and other horse support personnel who are engaged in the care, training, or racing of covered horses.
- (6) Equine constituencies.—The term "equine constituencies" means, collectively, the owners and breeders, trainers, racetracks, veterinarians, State racing commissions, and jockeys.
- (7) Equine industry representative" means an organization regularly and significantly engaged in the equine industry, including organizations that represent the interests of, and whose membership consists of, owners and breeders, trainers, racetracks, veterinarians, State racing commissions, and jockeys.
- (8) Horseracing anti-doping and medication control program.—The term "horseracing

7 anti-doping and medication control program" means 1 2 the program established under section 6. 3 (9)Interstate OFF-TRACK WAGER.—The term "interstate off-track wager" has the meaning 4 5 given such term in section 3 of the Interstate Horse-6 racing Act of 1978 (15 U.S.C. 3002).

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- (10) Jockey.—The term "jockey" means a rider or driver of a covered horse in covered horseraces.
- (11)MEDICATION AND REGULATORY EX-PERTS.—The term "medication and regulatory experts" means organizations or associations that are actively involved in the establishment of equine medication standards, or groups or associations representing entities responsible for the current regulation of the equine industry, or groups or associations representing equine practitioners and veterinarians.
- (12) Owners and Breeders.—The term "owners and breeders" means those persons who either hold ownership interests in covered horses or who are in the business of breeding covered horses.
- (13) Prohibited methods.—The term "prohibited methods" means any methods that are on the list of prohibited methods identified in section 6(g).

1	(14) Prohibited substances.—The term
2	"prohibited substances" means any substances that
3	are on the list of prohibited substances identified in
4	section $6(g)$ .
5	(15) Permitted methods.—The term "per-
6	mitted methods" means those methods identified in
7	the list of permitted methods identified in section
8	6(g).
9	(16) PERMITTED SUBSTANCES.—The term
10	"permitted substances" means those substances con-
11	tained in the list of permitted substances identified
12	in section $6(g)$ .
13	(17) RACETRACK.—The term "racetrack"
14	means an organization licensed by a State racing
15	commission to conduct covered horseraces.
16	(18) State racing commission.—The term
17	"State racing commission" means that entity des-
18	ignated by State statute or, in the absence of stat-
19	ute, by regulation, with jurisdiction to regulate the
20	conduct of horseracing within the State.
21	(19) Trainers.—The term "trainer" means an
22	individual engaged in the training of covered horses.
23	(20) Veterinarian.—The term "veterinarian"
24	means a licensed veterinarian who provides veteri-
25	nary services to covered horses.

1	(21) Workout.—The term "workout" means a
2	timed running of a horse over a predetermined dis-
3	tance not associated with a race or, with regard to
4	a horse taking part in harness or pace racing, its
5	first qualifying race.
6	SEC. 4. JURISDICTION FOR HORSERACING ANTI-DOPING
7	AND MEDICATION CONTROL MATTERS.
8	(a) In General.—Effective upon the effective date
9	of the anti-doping and medication control program as set
10	forth in section 11, the Authority shall exercise authority
11	over all horseracing anti-doping and medication control
12	matters consistent with the provisions of this Act.
13	(b) Powers and Authority.—
14	(1) In general.—The Authority shall be es-
15	tablished as a private, independent, self-regulatory,
16	nonprofit corporation with responsibility for devel-
17	oping and administering an anti-doping and medica-
18	tion control program for covered horses, covered per-
19	sons, and covered horseraces consistent with the pro-
20	visions of this Act.
21	(2) Powers.—The Authority—
22	(A) shall have the same anti-doping and
23	medication control powers over horseracing li-
24	censees as the State racing commissions have in
25	their respective States with respect to—

1	(i) access to offices, track facilities
2	and other places of business of licensees;
3	(ii) search and seizure;
4	(iii) issuance and enforcement of sub-
5	poenas and subpoenas duces tecum; and
6	(iv) other investigatory powers; and
7	(B) with respect to an unfair or deceptive
8	act or practice described in section 7, may rec-
9	ommend that the Commission commence an en-
10	forcement action.
11	(3) Consent.—As a condition of eligibility to
12	participate in covered horseraces, covered persons
13	agree that they and their covered horses shall be
14	bound by the provisions of the horseracing anti-
15	doping and medication control program established
16	in accordance with section 6.
17	(c) Exclusive Jurisdiction and Oversight.—
18	(1) Jurisdiction of commission.—The Com-
19	mission shall have exclusive jurisdiction over al
20	horseracing anti-doping and medication control mat
21	ters consistent with this Act.
22	(2) Activities of Authority.—The Authority
23	shall engage in activities in accordance with such
24	rules as are approved pursuant to this Act.

1	(d) Guiding Principles.—In carrying out the pro-
2	visions of this Act, the Commission and the Authority
3	shall be guided by the findings and principles contained
4	in section 2.
5	(e) State Compact.—The jurisdiction and authority
6	granted to the Commission and the Authority under this
7	Act shall terminate if, at any time after the expiration of
8	five years following the effectiveness of the anti-doping
9	and medication control program—
10	(1) an interstate compact is established that in-
11	cludes among its members 75 percent of the States
12	in which starts in covered races occurred during the
13	calendar year preceding the formation of the com-
14	pact and those States which collectively hosted not
15	less than 90 percent of the total racing starts of cov-
16	ered horses in covered races for the two-year period
17	preceding the formation of the compact; and
18	(2)(A) all member States enter into and main-
19	tain an agreement with the Authority for services
20	consistent with the anti-doping and medication con-
21	trol program provided for in section 6 in those
22	States; or
23	(B) the compact is drafted with public input
24	from horseracing industry constituencies (including
25	trainers, owners, the breed registry, veterinarians,

1 regulators, race tracks, testing laboratories, bettors, 2 and jockeys) by persons who conform to the conflict 3 of interest restrictions set forth in section 5(d); obli-4 gates the compact to pay the costs of winding down 5 the Authority and transitioning its operations to the 6 compact; provides for uniform anti-doping and medi-7 cation control regulations among all member States, 8 consistent with section 6 and no less restrictive than 9 the Authority's most recent anti-doping and medica-10 tion control program; and is governed and main-11 tained by a board, which would include among its 12 members persons meeting the requirements of sec-13 tion 5(b), each board member conforming to the 14 conflict of interest restrictions set forth in section 15 5(d). 16 The consent of Congress is hereby given to interstate compacts meeting the requirements referenced in this section 17 18 5(h). 19 SEC. 5. ESTABLISHMENT OF HORSERACING ANTI-DOPING 20 AND MEDICATION CONTROL AUTHORITY. 21 ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the 22 Horseracing Anti-doping and Medication Control Author-23 ity, a private, independent, self-regulatory, nonprofit corporation with responsibility for developing and administering an anti-doping and medication control program

1	for covered horses, covered persons, and covered
2	horseraces.
3	(b) Composition.—The Authority shall be governed
4	by a board (in this section referred to as the "Board")
5	which shall be comprised of the following:
6	(1) The chief executive officer of the United
7	States Anti-Doping Agency.
8	(2) Six individuals, selected by the United
9	States Anti-Doping Agency from among members of
10	the board of the United States Anti-Doping Agency.
11	(3) Six individuals selected by the United
12	States Anti-Doping Agency—
13	(A) from among individuals who represent
14	different equine industry constituencies; and
15	(B) such that—
16	(i) at least 1 member has expertise in
17	equine anti-doping and medication control
18	regulation;
19	(ii) at least 1 member has significant
20	experience as an owner of covered horses
21	or is a person with expertise in the breed-
22	ing of race horses;
23	(iii) at least 1 member was formerly
24	employed as an executive with a racetrack;

1	(iv) at least 1 member has a degree in
2	veterinary medicine and either has exper-
3	tise in equine veterinary practice with re-
4	gard to race horses or expertise in veteri-
5	nary research in matters affecting race
6	horses;
7	(v) at least 1 member has expertise in
8	training covered horses; and
9	(vi) at least 1 member has expertise
10	in riding covered horses as a jockey.
11	(c) Selection Methodology.—In selecting indi-
12	viduals under subsection (b), the United States Anti-
13	Doping Agency shall—
14	(1) solicit lists of 2 candidates each from a
15	cross-section of equine industry representatives;
16	(2) endeavor to provide diversity among the
17	Board's membership between persons primarily in-
18	volved with the 3 breeds of racehorses, to the great-
19	est extent practicable and consistent with the stand-
20	ards for Board membership set forth in this section
21	(3) if Board positions remain unfilled from the
22	lists solicited under paragraph (1), ask organiza-
23	tions, groups, and associations that represent the
24	various equine constituencies set forth in subsection
25	(b)(3)(B) to submit an additional 2 candidates from

1	which the Agency may fill the remaining open Board
2	positions; and
3	(4) if Board positions remain unfilled from the
4	second set of candidate lists, choose, in accordance
5	with subsection (b), one or more persons at large
6	with substantial experience in the equine industry
7	and meets the qualifications of the person described
8	in subsection (b) whose position on the Board re-
9	mains to be filled.
10	(d) Conflicts of Interest.—To avoid any conflict
11	of interest, no member of the Board shall be—
12	(1) an individual who has a financial interest in
13	or provides goods or services to covered horses;
14	(2) an official or officer of any equine industry
15	representative or serve in any governance or policy-
16	making capacity for an equine industry representa-
17	tive; or
18	(3) an employee or have a business or commer-
19	cial relationship with any of the individuals or orga-
20	nizations described in paragraph (1) or (2).
21	(e) TERMS; VACANCIES.—
22	(1) Staggered terms.—The terms of mem-
23	bers of the Board shall be 3 years and shall be stag-
24	gered so that the terms of no more than 5 members
25	of the Board expire in any year.

1 (2) LIMITATION ON CONSECUTIVE TERMS.—
2 Members of the Board may serve for no more than
3 2 consecutive full terms.

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(3) Vacancies.—Vacancies among Board positions held by equine industry candidates shall be filled pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) and any other vacancies shall be filled pursuant to the provisions of the rules of the Authority. At any time after the expiration of 5 years following the date on which initial selection and appointment of the members of the Board of the Authority is completed under section 5, the United States Anti-Doping Agency may withdraw from participation in the Authority and direct its chief executive officer and board members resign their memberships on the Board of the Authority. Following receipt of such resignations by the Authority, the remaining members of the Board of the Authority shall select new Board members to fill the vacant positions in the same manner as is provided in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (c).

# (f) STANDING COMMITTEES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Authority shall establish one or more standing advisory and technical committees, which shall include qualified representa-

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tives from horseracing industry constituencies, including trainers, owners, the breed registry, veterinarians, regulators, race tracks, testing laboratories, bettors, and jockeys.

- (2) Committee on Development and Maintenance of the Horseracing anti-doping and medication control program.—The Authority shall establish a standing advisory committee, which shall include medication and regulatory experts and other representatives from horseracing industry constituencies, to provide advice and guidance to the Board on the development and maintenance of the horseracing anti-doping and medication control program.
- (3) CHAIRPERSON OF COMMITTEE ON PER-MITTED AND PROHIBITED SUBSTANCES AND METH-ODS.—The Authority shall appoint the Board member selected pursuant to subsection (b)(3)(B)(i) to serve as the chairperson of the standing advisory and technical committee on permitted and prohibited substances and methods.
- (4) Duties.—The committees established under paragraph (1) shall assist the Authority in establishing and administering the horseracing anti-doping and medication control program.

1	(5) Committee conflicts of interest.—No
2	standing committee members, other than those who
3	are members of the Board of the Authority or em-
4	ployees of the Authority, shall be subject to the con-
5	flict of interest provisions set forth in section 5(d).
6	(g) Administration of the Authority.—
7	(1) Administrative structure.—The Au-
8	thority shall establish an administrative structure
9	and employ among its staff employees with sufficient
10	experience in and knowledge of equine-related and
11	anti-doping and medication control matters as ap-
12	propriate to carry out the responsibilities set forth in
13	this Act.
14	(2) Employees generally.—The Board of
15	the Authority shall select the Authority's chief exec-
16	utive officer. All Authority employees shall serve at
17	the pleasure the Authority's chief executive officer.
18	All Authority employees shall be subject to the con-
19	flict of interest revisions applicable to members of
20	the Board of the Authority as set forth in section
21	5(d).
22	(h) Oversight of Rules Prescribed by the Au-
23	THORITY.—
24	(1) FILING REQUIREMENT.—The Authority
25	shall file with the Commission, in accordance with

such rules as the Commission may prescribe, copies
of any proposed rule or change to any rule (collec-
tively "proposed rule") of the Authority. Proposed
rule means the lists of permitted and prohibited sub-
stances; laboratory standards for accreditation and
protocols; schedules of sanctions for violations; proc-
esses and procedures for disciplinary hearings; and
formula and methodology for determining assess-
ments set out in section 12(d).
(2) Publication and comment.—
(A) In general.—The Commission shall
publish the proposed rule and provide interested
persons an opportunity to comment.
(B) APPROVAL REQUIRED.—No proposed
rule shall take effect unless it has been ap-
proved by the Commission.
(3) Approval.—
(A) Period.—The Commission shall ap-
prove or disapprove a proposed rule no later
than 45 days after the proposed rule is pub-
lished.
(B) Conditions.—The Commission shall
approve a proposed rule if it finds that such
proposed rule is consistent with the require-

1	ments of this Act and the rules and regulations
2	promulgated by the Commission.
3	(i) Oversight of Final Decisions of the Au-
4	THORITY.—
5	(1) Notice of sanctions.—If the Authority
6	imposes any final sanction, the Authority shall
7	promptly file notice thereof with the Commission in
8	such form as the Commission may require.
9	(2) REVIEW BY ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
10	JUDGE.—
11	(A) APPLICATION FOR REVIEW.—All final
12	sanctions of the Authority shall be subject to
13	review by an administrative law judge appointed
14	pursuant to this Act upon application by the
15	Commission or any person aggrieved by such
16	final sanction filed within 30 days after the
17	date such notice was filed with the Commission.
18	(B) Appointment of administrative
19	LAW JUDGE.—The Commission shall appoint
20	one or more administrative law judges to serve
21	a term of seven years unless earlier removed by
22	the Commission for cause. At the time of his/
23	her appointment, the administrative law judge
24	shall have been a practicing lawyer for at least
25	ten years and shall have demonstrated expertise

1	in matters relating to horseracing and anti-
2	doping and medication control.
3	(C) Nature of review.—In matters re-
4	viewed pursuant to this subsection, the adminis-
5	trative law judge shall conduct a hearing in a
6	manner as the Commission may specify by rule.
7	Such hearing shall conform to section 556 of
8	title 5, United States Code. The administrative
9	law judge shall determine whether—
10	(i) a person has engaged in such acts
11	or practices or has omitted such acts or
12	practices as the Authority has found the
13	person to have engaged in or omitted; and
14	(ii) such acts, practices, or omissions
15	are in violation of the Act or the anti-
16	doping and medication control rules ap-
17	proved by the Commission.
18	(D) DECISION BY ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
19	JUDGE.—The administrative law judge shall
20	render a decision within 60 days of the conclu-
21	sion of the hearing. Such decision may affirm,
22	reverse, modify, set aside, or remand for further
23	proceedings, in whole or in part, the final sanc-
24	tion of the Authority. Such decision shall con-
25	stitute the decision of the Commission without

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further proceedings unless there is a timely notice or application for review filed pursuant to paragraph (3).

# (3) Review by commission.—

(A) NOTICE OF REVIEW BY COMMISSION.—
The Commission may, on its own motion, review any decision of the administrative law judge rendered pursuant to subsection (i)(2) by giving notice thereof to the Authority and interested parties within 30 days of the decision by the administrative law judge.

(B) APPLICATION FOR REVIEW.—The Authority or any person aggrieved by the decision of an administrative law judge rendered pursuant to subsection (i)(2) may petition the Commission to review such decision by filing an application for review within 30 days of the rendering of such decision. If such application is denied, the decision of the administrative law judge shall constitute the decision of the Commission without further proceedings. Whether to grant review is within the Commission's discretion, provided however that the Commission may grant review only where the application therefor demonstrates:

1	(i) a prejudicial error was committed
2	in the conduct of the proceeding; or
3	(ii) the decision embodies an erro-
4	neous application of the anti-doping and
5	medication rules previously approved by
6	the Commission.
7	(C) Nature of Review.—In matters re-
8	viewed pursuant to this subsection, the Com-
9	mission may affirm, reverse, modify, set aside
10	or remand for further proceedings, in whole or
11	in part, on the basis of the record before the
12	administrative law judge and briefs submitted
13	to the Commission. The Commission shall give
14	deference to a factual finding by the adminis-
15	trative law judge unless such finding is clearly
16	erroneous. The Commission shall review a con-
17	clusion of law by the administrative law judge
18	de novo. The Commission shall not permit the
19	taking of additional evidence except upon a
20	showing that such additional evidence is mate-
21	rial and that such evidence could not in the ex-
22	ercise of reasonable diligence have been adduced
23	previously.
24	(4) Stay of proceedings.—Review by an ad-
25	ministrative law judge or the Commission pursuant

1	to subsection (i) shall not operate as a stay of any
2	final sanction of the Authority unless the adminis-
3	trative law judge or Commission otherwise orders.
4	SEC. 6. HORSERACING ANTI-DOPING AND MEDICATION
5	CONTROL PROGRAM REQUIRED.
6	(a) Program Required.—Not later than 1 year
7	after the date on which initial selection and appointment
8	of the members of the board of the Authority is completed
9	under section 5 and after notice to and with appropriate
10	opportunity for comment from equine industry representa-
11	tives and the public, the Authority shall develop and ad-
12	minister the horseracing anti-doping and medication con-
13	trol program for covered horses, covered persons, and cov-
14	ered horseraces. To the extent practicable, such program
15	shall take into account the unique characteristics of each
16	separate breed of horse.
17	(b) Elements of Program.—The horseracing anti-
18	doping and medication control program shall include the
19	following:
20	(1) A uniform set of anti-doping and medica-
21	tion control rules.
22	(2) Lists of permitted and prohibited sub-
23	stances (which may include, without limitation,
24	drugs, medications, naturally occurring substances

1	and synthetically occurring substances) and meth-
2	ods.
3	(3) A prohibition upon the administration of
4	any prohibited or otherwise permitted substance to
5	a covered horse within 24 hours of its next racing
6	start, which shall be effective not later than January
7	1, 2019.
8	(4) A process for sample collection.
9	(5) Programs for in-competition and out-of-
10	competition testing (including no-advance-notice
11	testing and mandatory reporting of each horse's lo-
12	cation for testing).
13	(6) Testing procedures, standards, and proto-
14	cols for both in-competition and out-of-competition
15	testing.
16	(7) Laboratory standards for accreditation and
17	testing requirements, procedures, and protocols.
18	(8) The undertaking of investigations at race-
19	track and non-racetrack facilities related to anti-
20	doping and medication control rule violations.
21	(9) Procedures for investigating, charging, and
22	adjudicating violations and for the enforcement of
23	sanctions for violations.
24	(10) A schedule of sanctions for violations.

1	(11) Disciplinary hearings, which may include
2	binding arbitration, sanctions and research.
3	(12) Management of violation results.
4	(13) Programs relating to anti-doping and
5	medication control research and education.
6	(c) Applicability to Covered Horses and Per-
7	SONS.—
8	(1) In general.—The equine horseracing anti-
9	doping and medication control program developed
10	and administered pursuant to subsection (a) shall
11	apply to all covered horses, covered persons, and
12	covered horseraces.
13	(2) AGREEMENT BY COVERED PERSONS.—As a
14	condition of eligibility to participate in covered
15	horseraces, covered persons shall agree that they
16	and their covered horses shall be bound by the provi-
17	sions of the horseracing anti-doping and medication
18	control program.
19	(d) Limitation of Authority.—
20	(1) Prospective application.—The jurisdic-
21	tion and authority of the Commission and Authority
22	with respect to the horseracing anti-doping and
23	medication control program shall be prospective
24	only.

1	(2) No authority over previous mat-
2	TERS.—Neither the Commission nor the Authority
3	shall have authority or responsibility to investigate,
4	prosecute, adjudicate, or penalize conduct occurring
5	prior to the effective date of the horseracing anti-
6	doping and medication control program.
7	(3) Preservation of state racing commis-
8	SION AUTHORITY OVER PREVIOUS MATTERS.—State
9	racing commissions shall retain authority over mat-
10	ters described in paragraph (2) until the final reso-
11	lution of any resulting charges.
12	(e) Considerations.—The horseracing anti-doping
13	and medication control program shall take into consider-
14	ation international anti-doping and medication control
15	standards, including the World Anti-Doping Code and the
16	Principles of Veterinary Medical Ethics of the American
17	Veterinary Medical Association, that could be applicable
18	to the horseracing anti-doping and medication control pro-
19	gram.
20	(f) UPDATES.—The Authority shall update the horse-
21	racing anti-doping and medication control program from
22	time to time.
23	(g) Lists of Prohibited Substances and Meth-
24	ODS.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Authority shall, by rule
2	develop, maintain, and publish lists of permitted and
3	prohibited substances and methods.
4	(2) Contents.—The initial list, which shall be
5	subject to such future changes as the Authority con-
6	siders appropriate and which shall be in effect until
7	amended by the Authority, of prohibited substances
8	and methods shall include any substance or method
9	that is included on either—
10	(A) class 1, 2, 3, and 4 drugs, medications
11	and substances in the Uniform Classification
12	Guidelines for Foreign Substances of the Asso-
13	ciation of Racing Commissioners International
14	Version 14.0, revised January 2019; or
15	(B) the World Anti-Doping Code Inter-
16	national Standard Prohibited List, January
17	2019,
18	unless and to the extent that such a substance or
19	method described in subparagraph (A) or (B) is con-
20	tained on the list of permitted substances and meth-
21	ods identified on the Association of Racing Commis-
22	sioners International Controlled Therapeutic Medica-
23	tion Schedule for Horses, Version 4.1, revised Janu-
24	ary 2019.
25	(3) Deadlines for lists.—

1	(A) DEVELOPED AND PUBLISHED.—The
2	lists of permitted and prohibited substances and
3	methods, including all modifications to the ini
4	tial lists, shall be developed and published no
5	later than the date that is 120 days before the
6	date on which the horseracing anti-doping and
7	medication control programs goes into effect
8	under section 6(a).
9	(B) Effective.—The lists described in
10	subparagraph (A) shall take effect on the date
11	that is 1 year after the date on which initial se
12	lection and appointment of the members of the
13	board of the Authority is completed under sec
14	tion 5.
15	(4) Periodic review.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The inclusion of per
17	mitted or prohibited substances or methods or
18	the lists shall be subject to periodic review by
19	the Authority, which shall be subject to review
20	by the Commission under section 4, for modi
21	fication, substitution, addition to, or deletion
22	from the lists.
23	(B) Establishment of notice, con
24	SULTATION, AND COMMENT PROCESS.—The Au
25	thority shall establish a notice consultation

1	and comment process for the periodic reviews
2	carried out under subparagraph (A) that in-
3	volves industry representatives and the public.
4	(h) Anti-Doping and Medication Control Rule
5	VIOLATIONS.—
6	(1) In general.—The Authority, after notice
7	to and with appropriate opportunity for comment
8	from industry representatives and the public, shall
9	establish, by rule, a list of anti-doping and medica-
10	tion control rule violations applicable to either horses
11	or covered persons.
12	(2) Elements.—The list established under
13	paragraph (1) may include the following:
14	(A) Strict liability for the presence of a
15	prohibited substance or method in a horse's
16	sample or the use of a prohibited substance or
17	method.
18	(B) Strict liability for the presence of a
19	permitted substance in a horse's sample in ex-
20	cess of the amount allowed by the horseracing
21	anti-doping and medication control program.
22	(C) Strict liability for the use of a per-
23	mitted method in violation of the applicable lim-
24	itations established within the horseracing and
25	medication control program.

1	(D) Attempted use of a prohibited sub-
2	stance or method.
3	(E) Possession of any prohibited substance
4	or method.
5	(F) Attempted possession of any prohibited
6	substance or method.
7	(G) Administration or attempted adminis-
8	tration of any prohibited substance or method.
9	(H) Refusing or failing without compelling
10	justification to submit a horse for sample collec-
11	tion.
12	(I) Tampering or attempted tampering
13	with any part of doping control.
14	(J) Trafficking or attempted trafficking in
15	any prohibited substance or method and com-
16	plicity in any anti-doping and medication con-
17	trol rule violation.
18	(i) Testing Laboratories.—
19	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
20	the date on which initial selection and appointment
21	of the members of the board of the Authority is
22	completed under section 5, the Authority shall estab-
23	lish by rule standards of accreditation for labora-
24	tories involved in the testing of samples taken from
25	covered horses, the process for achieving and main-

32 1 taining accreditation, and the standards and proto-2 cols for testing of samples. 3 (2) Extension of Provisional or Interim 4 ACCREDITATION.—The Authority may, by rule, ex-5 tend provisional or interim accreditation to labora-6 tories accredited by the Racing Medication and Test-7 ing Consortium, Inc. 8 (3)SELECTION OF LABORATORIES BY9 STATES.—Each State racing commission, if it so 10 elects, shall determine the laboratory to be used in 11 testing samples taken within its jurisdiction, pro-12 vided that the laboratory selected has been accred-13 ited by, and complies with the testing protocols and 14 standards established by, the Authority. 15 (4) Selection of Laboratories by the Au-16 THORITY.—If a State racing commission does not 17 elect to determine the laboratory to be used in test-18

- ing samples taken within its jurisdiction, the Authority shall by rule, make the selection.
- 20 RESULTS MANAGEMENT AND DISCIPLINARY 21 Process.—

19

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after 23 the date on which initial selection and appointment 24 of the members of the board of the Authority is 25 completed under section 5, the Authority, after no-

1	tice to and with appropriate opportunity for com-
2	ment from equine industry representatives and the
3	public, shall promulgate rules for anti-doping and
4	medication control results management and the dis-
5	ciplinary process for anti-doping and medication con-
6	trol rule violation results management, including the
7	following:
8	(A) Provisions for notification of anti-
9	doping and medication control rule violations.
10	(B) Hearing procedures.
11	(C) Burden of proof.
12	(D) Presumptions.
13	(E) Evidentiary rules.
14	(F) Appeals.
15	(G) Guidelines for confidentiality and pub-
16	lic reporting of decisions.
17	(2) Due process.—The rules promulgated
18	under paragraph (1) shall provide for adequate due
19	process, including impartial hearing officers or tribu-
20	nals commensurate with the seriousness of the al-
21	leged anti-doping and medication control rule viola-
22	tion and the possible sanctions for such violation.
23	(k) Sanctions.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Authority, after notice
25	to and with appropriate opportunity for comment

1	from industry representatives and the public, shall
2	promulgate uniform rules imposing sanctions against
3	covered persons or covered horses for anti-doping
4	and medication control rule violations.
5	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The rules promulgated
6	under paragraph (1) shall—
7	(A) take into account the unique aspects of
8	horseracing;
9	(B) be designed to ensure fair and trans-
10	parent horseraces; and
11	(C) deter the commission of anti-doping
12	and medication control rule violations.
13	(3) SEVERITY.—The rules promulgated under
14	paragraph (1) shall impose sanctions up to and in-
15	cluding lifetime bans from horseracing, disgorgement
16	of purses, monetary fines and penalties and changes
17	to the order of finish in covered races. The sanc-
18	tioning rules shall also include opportunities for
19	anti-doping and medication control rule violators to
20	reduce the otherwise applicable sanctions generally
21	comparable to those opportunities afforded by the
22	United States Anti-Doping Agency's Protocol for
23	Olympic Movement Testing.
24	(l) Enforcement.—In addition to any penalties or
25	sanctions imposed in accordance with the provisions of the

horseracing anti-doping and medication control program, 2 whenever it shall appear to the Authority that one has 3 engaged, is engaged or is about to engage in acts or prac-4 tices constituting a violation of any provision of this Act 5 or the horseracing anti-doping and medication control pro-6 gram, the Authority may commence a civil action against 7 such covered person or any racetrack in the proper district 8 court of the United States, the United States District 9 Court for the District of Columbia, or the United States 10 courts of any territory or other place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, to enjoin such acts or prac-11 12 tices, to enforce any fines, penalties or other sanctions im-13 posed in accordance with the provisions of the anti-doping and medication control program and for all other relief 14 15 to which the Authority may be entitled. Upon a proper showing, a permanent or temporary injunction or restrain-16 17 ing order shall be granted without bond. 18 (m) Periodic Assessments by Comptroller 19 GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.— 20 (1) Assessments.—Following the third anni-21 versary of the date on which the anti-doping and 22 medication control program identified in section 6 23 takes effect and not less frequently than once every 24 4 years thereafter, the Comptroller General of the

United States shall review and analyze results of the

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such program in comparison to the results of similar equine anti-doping and medication control programs in major foreign racing jurisdictions.

(2) Gathering assessments from industry representatives.—In conjunction with review and analysis required by paragraph (1), the Comptroller General may invite persons representing the significant facets of the horseracing industry, including associations and individuals representing racetracks, breeders, owners, trainers, veterinarians, jockeys, bettors, equine researchers, and organizations dedicated to the welfare and safety of covered horses, to collectively meet with and provide testimony to the Comptroller General for the purpose of gathering further assessments on the performance and effectiveness of the Authority and the anti-doping and medication control program.

(3) Reports.—Upon the conclusion of a review and analysis under paragraph (1), the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress a report on such review and analysis with an assessment of the performance of the Authority and the Commission concerning their effectiveness as an anti-doping and medication control organization and the efficiency of

the horseracing anti-doping and medication control			
program.			
SEC. 7. UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES.			
The sale of a Thoroughbred, Quarter, or			
Standardbred horse shall be considered an unfair or de-			
ceptive act or practice in or affecting commerce under sec-			
tion 5(a) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.			
45(a)) if the seller —			
(1) knows or has reason to know the horse has been			
administered—			
(A) a bisphosphonate; or			
(B) any other substance that the Authority de-			
termines has a long-term degrading effect on the			
soundness of the horse; and			
(2) fails to disclose to the buyer the administration			
of the bisphosphonate or other substance.			
SEC. 8. OTHER LAWS UNAFFECTED.			
This Act shall not be construed to modify, impair,			
or restrict the operation or effectiveness of State or Fed-			
eral statutes and regulations directed at—			
(1) any of the consents, approvals, or agree-			
ments required by the Interstate Horseracing Act of			
1978;			
(2) criminal conduct by covered persons and			
others;			

1	(3) horseracing matters unrelated to anti-
2	doping and medication control as addressed in this
3	Act; or
4	(4) the use of medication in human participants
5	in covered races.
6	SEC. 9. STATE DELEGATION; DUTY OF COOPERATION.
7	(a) State Delegation.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Authority may enter
9	into agreements with one or more State racing com-
10	missions to implement within their respective juris-
11	dictions any of the components of the horseracing
12	anti-doping and medication control program estab-
13	lished by the Authority if the Authority determines
14	that a particular State racing commission will be
15	able to implement a component of the horseracing
16	anti-doping and medication control program in ac-
17	cordance with the standards and requirements estab-
18	lished by the Authority.
19	(2) Duration of agreements.—Any agree-
20	ment entered into under paragraph (1) shall remain
21	in effect as long as the Authority determines the ap-
22	plicable racing commission to be implementing the
23	components of the medication regulation program
24	covered by the agreement in compliance with the

- 1 standards and requirements established by the Au-
- 2 thority.
- 3 (b) DUTY OF COOPERATION.—Where conduct by any
- 4 person subject to the horseracing anti-doping and medica-
- 5 tion control program may involve both an anti-doping and
- 6 medication control rule violation and violation of State or
- 7 Federal law, this Act imposes a duty to cooperate and
- 8 share information between the Authority and State and
- 9 Federal law enforcement authorities.

#### 10 SEC. 10. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 11 The Authority shall not have the power to impose
- 12 criminal sanctions and shall not be considered nor con-
- 13 strued to be an agent of, or an actor on behalf of, the
- 14 United States Government or any State.

### 15 SEC. 11. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The horseracing anti-doping and
- 17 medication control program shall take effect not later than
- 18 the date that is 1 year after the date on which initial selec-
- 19 tion and appointment of the members of the board of the
- 20 Authority is completed under section 5.
- 21 (b) Transition.—The Authority and State regu-
- 22 latory authorities shall work cooperatively to develop tran-
- 23 sition rules with respect to doping conduct, sanctions, and
- 24 investigations arising prior to the effective date of the
- 25 horseracing anti-doping and medication control program.

CTC	10	FUNDING

1	SEC. 12. FUNDING.
2	(a) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act
3	shall be construed to require—
4	(1) the appropriation of any amount to the Au-
5	thority; or
6	(2) the Federal Government to guarantee the
7	debts of the Authority.
8	(b) Initial Funding.—
9	(1) In general.—Initial funding to establish
10	the Authority and underwrite its operations prior to
11	the effective date shall be provided by loans obtained
12	by and donations made to the Authority.
13	(2) Borrowing and accepting donations.—
14	The Authority may borrow money and accept private
15	donations and contributions toward the funding of
16	its operations.
17	(3) Annual calculation of amounts re-
18	QUIRED.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the date
20	that is 90 days before the date set forth in sec-
21	tion 11(a) and not later than November 1 of
22	each year thereafter, the Authority shall deter-
23	mine and provide to each State racing commis-
24	sion the estimated amount required per racing
25	starter to fund the horseracing anti-doping and
26	medication control program for the coming year

1	and to liquidate any loans or funding shortfal
2	in the current year and any prior years.
3	(B) Basis of Calculation.—The amount
4	calculated under subparagraph (A) shall be
5	based upon the annual budget of the Authority
6	for the succeeding year, as approved by the
7	board of the Authority.
8	(C) Requirements regarding budgets
9	OF AUTHORITY.—The Authority's initial budget
10	shall require the approval of 2/3 of its board and
11	any subsequent budget that exceeds the pre-
12	ceding year's budget by more than 5 percent
13	shall also require the approval of 2/3 of the
14	board of the Authority.
15	(c) Assessment and Collection of Fees by
16	STATES.—
17	(1) Notice of election.—Any State racing
18	commission that elects to remit fees pursuant to this
19	subsection shall notify the Authority of such election
20	at least 60 days prior to the adoption of the horse-
21	racing anti-doping and medication control program
22	(2) Requirement to remit fees.—Once a
23	State racing commission makes such notification
24	the election shall remain in effect and the State rac-

1 ing commission shall be required to remit fees pur-2 suant to this subsection.

- (3) WITHDRAWAL OF ELECTION.—A State racing commission may withdraw its election after providing notice to the Authority of its intent to cease remitting fees pursuant to this subsection not later than 1 year before ceasing such remitting.
- (4) SCHEDULE OF REMITTANCE.—Each State racing commission that elects to remit fees shall remit to the Authority on or before the 20th day of each calendar month an amount equal to the applicable fee per racing start multiplied by the number of racing starts in the State in the previous month.
- (5) DETERMINATIONS OF METHODS.—Each State racing commission shall determine, subject to the applicable laws and regulations of the State, the method by which the requisite amount shall be allocated, assessed, and collected.
- (6) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of Congress that funding mechanisms imposed by State racing commissions should apportion the funding burden fairly among all impacted segments of the horseracing industry and may include check-off programs.

1 (d) Assessment and Collection of Fees by the 2 AUTHORITY.— 3 (1) CALCULATION.—In the event a State racing commission does not elect to remit fees pursuant to 4 5 subsection (c) or withdraws its election under such 6 subsection, the Authority shall calculate each month 7 the applicable fee per racing start multiplied by the 8 number of racing starts in the State in the previous 9 month. 10 (2) Allocation.—The Authority shall equi-11 tably allocate that amount calculated under para-12 those graph (1), among involved in covered 13 horseraces pursuant to such rules as the Authority 14 may promulgate, subject to review by the Commis-15 sion under section 4. 16 (3) Assessment.—The Authority shall assess a 17 fee equal to the allocation made under paragraph (2) 18 and shall collect such fee according to such rules as 19 the Authority may promulgate, subject to such Com-20 mission review. 21 (4) Limitation.—A State racing commission 22 that does not elect to remit fees pursuant to sub-23 section (c) or that withdraws its election under such 24 subsection shall not impose or collect from any per-

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1 son a fee or tax relating to anti-doping and medica-

2 tion control matters for covered horseraces.